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# **EXCEPTION**

### ORIGINADPEN MEETING AGENDAITE



#### BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

Jeff Hatch-Miller Chairman William A. Mundell Commissioner Marc Spitzer Commissioner Mike Gleason Commissioner

Commissioner

Kristin Mayes

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IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY FOR A HEARING TO DETERMINE THE FAIR VALUE OF THE UTILITY PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY FOR RATEMAKING PURPOSES, TO FIX A JUST AND REASONABLE RATE OF RETURN THEREON, TO APPROVE RATE SCHEDULES DESIGNED TO DEVELOP SUCH RETURN, AND FOR APPROVAL OF A PURCHASED POWER CONTRACT.

Docket No E-01345A-03-0437

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF A POWER SUPPLY ADJUSTOR SURCHARGE. Docket No E-01345A-05-0526

# AUIA'S EXCEPTIONS TO THE RECOMMENDED OPINION AND ORDER

The ARIZONA UTILITY INVESTORS ASSOCIATION (AUIA) hereby submits its exceptions to the Recommended Opinion and Order (Recommended Order) filed in this proceeding on January 4, 2006 by Chief Administrative Law Judge (CALJ) Lyn Farmer.

### **Discussion**

The crux of the recommended order in this case is Judge Farmer's finding that Arizona Public Service Company's (APS) application for a surcharge to recover \$80 million of undercollected fuel and purchased power costs is premature and should be denied.

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She does not suggest that these costs cannot or should not be recovered, only that a surcharge is not appropriate until after a scheduled rate adjustment has been made on the first anniversary of the Power Supply Adjustor (PSA) next April 1.

 She reaches this conclusion through an inimitable interpretation of the Commission's order (Decision No. 67744) in the recent APS rate case, holding that the PSA actually requires two balancing accounts, one to keep track of the company's ongoing fuel and purchased power outlays and the other devoted exclusively to the uncollected costs that are eligible for recovery. In Judge Farmer's view, the second account could trigger a surcharge request, but it cannot exist until the first PSA adjustment is made.

AUIA disagrees emphatically with this "sequential" interpretation of the PSA, which was conceived in the rate case Settlement Agreement and approved in Decision No. 67744. We believe that much of the "evidence" she cites from selected exhibits, open meeting records, and rate case hearing transcripts give the appearance of supporting her interpretation for one reason: no one in March 2005 anticipated that gas prices would rocket upward as they have and that APS would incur the huge uncollected balances that it has. It was simply logical to discuss and demonstrate the operation of the PSA as if the adjustor would come before a surcharge. Decision No. 67744 doesn't require it to happen that way.

The Staff's post-hearing brief gives the CALJ some comfort by postulating that the language of Decision No. 67744 could be interpreted to require one or two balancing accounts. But Staff did not leap to the conclusion that a second balancing account would preclude the \$80 million surcharge.

For the record, AUIA objects to the CALJ's reliance on open meeting excerpts to support her recommended order on the same plane with sworn testimony and admitted evidence from the hearing. The open meeting record is made up of unsworn, sometimes offhand comments which may be helpful to the Commission in its decision-making, but they have no place in an evidentiary hearing record.

This Commission has indulged increasingly in a disturbing practice of allowing unsworn and unexamined evidence to creep into its deliberations

through open meetings. To condone the same practice by its hearing officers significantly compounds the problem.

As the Commission and the CALJ are aware, AUIA's representative in this matter is not an attorney, so it may be easy to dismiss our concerns as lacking professional stature. But, if the Commission would survey the attorneys who practice before it (without the possibility of retribution) about this growing predilection, many of them would say they are increasingly concerned about the integrity of the Commission's process.

AUIA does not intend in these exceptions, to parse our areas of disagreement with the Recommended Order. That has been accomplished very adequately in the closing briefs of the parties and probably will be again in their exceptions. Besides, it's a fairly simply equation: you either agree with Judge Farmer's interpretation or you don't.

Suffice it to say that the CALJ's interpretation of Decision No. 67744 is unique because it is at odds with the view of every party to the surcharge hearing and probably every party to the Settlement Agreement.

But the fundamental problem with the Recommended Order is that it benefits no one and harms almost everyone in sight.

- The uncertain nature of the Arizona PSA already has cost APS customers untold millions because the country's leading credit rating agency has downgraded the utility's credit rating to one notch above junk status.
- If adopted by the Commission, the Recommended Order will provide the rating agencies with reason to take further negative credit action against APS.
- The Recommended Order will contribute to consumer rate shock by loading a PSA adjustment and a likely surcharge simultaneously on customers' summer bills, probably followed by another surcharge in September.
- The CALJ's interpretation defeats the purpose of Chairman Hatch-Miller's amendment to Decision No. 67744 in requiring APS to come to the Commission before its bank balance reaches \$100 million. By denying the surcharge, the Recommended Order will force APS' bank balance up to \$200 million before the adjustor kicks in.
- Delaying recovery of legitimate costs simply increases APS' carrying costs and, ultimately, the cost to customers.

As a result of ambiguities in Decision No. 67744, the CALJ may be justified in her didactic examination of the order and in reaching a unique conclusion. If so, we are reminded of the admonishment of Mr. Bumble in *Oliver Twist:* "If the law supposes that, the law is a ass, a idiot."

That is not a criticism of Judge Farmer. It only means that if her interpretation is right, it simply aggravates a bad decision by all of us who signed the Settlement Agreement and who supported the surcharge application. We are idiots because we signed onto a PSA that is dysfunctional and too rigid to work in the real world of energy supply and demand.

The PSA, as amended by the Commission and now, as interpreted by the CALJ, is seriously flawed, as the rating agencies have implied.

The CALJ asserts that the purpose of the April 1 adjustor is to "collect the previous year's under-recovery of fuel and purchased power costs..." AUIA respectfully disagrees. The purpose of an adjustor mechanism is to come as close as possible to equalizing income and outgo for fuels going forward, based on recent experience. The purpose of a year-long adjustment period is not simply to accumulate cost differentials, but also to even out price spikes and account for seasonal anomalies to arrive at a constant fuel cost.

Of course, this adjustor, with its 4-mil limitation, can't even come close to creating equilibrium. Absent a surcharge, when the first anniversary arrives, the adjustor will be \$100 million out of synch with 2005 costs. At the same point in 2007, without surcharges, the adjustor will be at least \$600 million out of synch.

In her Recommended Order, the CALJ refers repeatedly to the "yearly adjustor" or the "annual adjustment" in describing the PSA process. An annual adjustment was contemplated in the Settlement Agreement, but the adjustor approved by the Commission can occur only once because the 4-mil limitation was imposed for the life of the PSA.

In order to avoid further disastrous hits to its credit rating, APS needs the Commission's help in delivering some positive news to the rating agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ROO, Footnote 11, P. 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ROO, P. 10 @ 21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ROO, P. 11 @ 10

possible message to the financial community. 2 3 If the Commission agrees with the CALJ's findings regarding the Plan of Administration, so be it. But the Commission should reject the finding that the 4 application is premature and should approve the surcharge. 5 Respectfully submitted, this 13th day of January, 2006 6 7 8 Walter W. Meek, President 9 10 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 11 An original and 15 copies of the foregoing exceptions 12 13 filed this 13th day of January, 2006, with: 14 15 **Docket Control** 16 Arizona Corporation Commission 17 1200 W. Washington Street 18 Phoenix, AZ 85007 19 20 Copies of the foregoing exceptions hand delivered 21 this 13th day of January, 2006, to: 22 23 Jeff Hatch-Miller, Chairman 24 Dean Miller, Executive Assistant 25 William A. Mundell, Commissioner 26 Adam Stafford, Executive Assistant 27 Marc Spitzer, Commissioner 28 Philip Dion, Executive Assistant 29 Mike Gleason, Commissioner 30 Kenneth Rozen, Executive Assistant Kristin Mayes, Commissioner 31 32 Matt Derr, Executive Assistant 33 Christopher Kempley, Esq., Legal Division 34 Lyn Farmer, Esq., Hearing Division 35 Ernest Johnson, Esq., Utilities Division 36 37 A copy of the foregoing exceptions was 38 mailed this 13th day of January, 2006, to: 39 Thomas L. Mumaw 40 41 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation 42 P.O. Box 53999, M.S. 8695 43 Phoenix, AZ 85072-3999 44 45 Parties of Record 46

Denying the surcharge weakens an already inadequate PSA and sends the worst

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